Enrolment Policy

Introduction
Catholic schools participate in the evangelizing mission of the Church which Jesus gave to his apostles when he told them: “Go, therefore, make disciples of all the nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father and of the Son and of the Holy Spirit, and teach them to observe all the commands I gave you.”

Catholic children have, by baptism, a right to a Catholic education. Therefore Catholic schools give priority to children baptized as Catholics. They also support parents who seek a Catholic education for their children. It is from its Catholic Identity that the school derives its fundamental characteristics and structure as a genuine instrument of the Church.

Rationale
The Catholic Education Commission of Victoria Inc. (CECV) encourages all Catholic parents to seek a place in a Catholic school for their students. The enrolment process ought to be fair and ideally a positive experience for the prospective student and his or her parents or guardians.

Purpose
The purpose of this policy is to describe the criteria for enrolment at the school, that is who are eligible to apply for a place at the school, and to describe the processes that apply to those seeking enrolment.

Implementation

- Parents and students wishing to enrol will be interviewed by the Principal on behalf of the Canonical Administrator. Before any enrolment can be confirmed, it must receive the endorsement of the Canonical Administrator, in accordance with their duties under Canon Law.
- The special needs of students shall be taken into account on an individual basis. The Principal in consultation with the Canonical Administrator will assess the school’s capacity to provide adequate staffing resources and facilities such as to ensure that the school can provide effective teaching for the special needs of their students. The school will comply with the relevant Australian and Victorian Government legislation when considering the enrolment of a child with additional learning needs in a Catholic school. (Appendix 1 & 2).
- By law, children must turn five by the 30th April of their first year of school. The “Early Enrolment Policy” is to be referred to when parents seek enrolment for a child of a younger age.
- Students who meet the enrolment criteria and have turned five by the 30th April of their first year of school will not be excluded from enrolment.
- Students of other Faiths will be considered for enrolment provided it does not result in the exclusion of Catholic students. The parents of these students will be required to give an understanding that they will respect the life, nature and identity of the school. Once enrolled these students will have the right to complete their Primary education at the school.
- Students of other Faiths will be expected to participate fully in all aspects of the school life.
- All prospective students will be required to demonstrate that they have received required immunisation, or have necessary documentation stating why they have not participated in the program.
- All information gathered during the enrolment process will be maintained according to the Privacy Act 2000.
Priority of placement following the criteria:

1. Siblings of current students.
2. Baptised Catholic children living within the Parish.
3. Catholic children from non-Catholic schools whose residential address is in the parish.
4. Catholic children who reside in other parishes and who have not gained enrolment in their local parish, with communications between both principals.
5. Orthodox children living within the Parish boundaries.
6. Christian children of other denominations whose parents demonstrate a positive commitment to the Catholic ethos.
7. Children whose parents desire and are committed to a Catholic Education for their children.

Register of Enrolments
A Register of Enrolments containing all necessary information will be maintained at the school by the school administration officer.

References
Diocese of Sale, Enrolment Policy (November 2013)
Diocese of Sale, Enrolment of children Under the Minimum Age Policy

Evaluation
This policy will be reviewed as part of the school’s four year review cycle or as required.

Ratification
This policy was last ratified in September 2015
APPENDIX 1
Relevant legislation to be considered when enrolling students in Catholic Schools

*The Victorian Education and Training Reform Regulations 2007.* The regulations impose a requirement on a registered school to have a clearly defined enrolment policy that complies with all applicable State and Commonwealth laws. Referred therein is the main legislation affecting school enrolments. Each school must be familiar with the relevant provisions of this legislation and, if appropriate, prepare policies for administration and enforcement of relevant procedures.

*Equal Opportunity Act 1996 (Vic).* This legislation prohibits discrimination by an educational authority against a person in deciding who should be admitted as a student, in the terms on which the authority admits a person as a student, or by refusing or failing to accept the person’s application for administration as a student. However, an exception is provided for an educational authority that operates an educational institution wholly or mainly for students of a particular sex, religious belief, age or age group, such that it may exclude from that institution people who are not of the particular sex, religious belief, age or age group. All other discrimination in enrolment of students is prohibited.

*Disability Discrimination Act 1992 (Cwlth).* Under this federal legislation, discrimination based on disability is unlawful. It applies to school authorities and their employees. The definition of disability is broad and includes physical, intellectual, psychiatric, sensory, neurological or learning disability, physical disfigurement, and the presence in the body of a disease-causing organism. Relevant for enrolments, it is unlawful for an educational authority to discriminate against a person on the ground of the person’s disability, or a disability of any of the other person’s associates, by refusing or failing to accept the person’s application for admission as a student; or in the terms and conditions on which it is prepared to admit the person as a student. However, it is not unlawful to refuse or fail to accept a person’s application for admission as a student in an educational institution where the person, if admitted as a student by the educational authority, would require services or facilities that are not required by students who do not have a disability and the provision of which would impose unjustifiable hardship on the educational authority.

*Privacy Amendment (Private Sector) Act 2000 (Cwlth).* This legislation governs how schools must handle personal information collected as part of the enrolment process. Schools will have adopted a Privacy Policy to reflect their acts and practice in management of personal information in compliance with the legislation. Schools should also determine what is the necessary information for collection, provide information about collection and, where necessary, obtain consents to the collection, use and disclosure of that information. For these purposes, schools should include in enrolment forms an information collection notice, which should also be contained in the school’s Privacy Policy and where applicable should be located on the school’s website.

**Enrolment of students with additional learning needs**
Catholic schools are expected to welcome parents who wish to enrol a child with additional learning needs and do everything possible to accommodate the child’s needs. The process for enrolling students with special needs should be the same as that for enrolling any student, and should conform to the Enrolment Process. Primary and secondary schools should collaborate to ensure coordination and consistency of policy and processes. Schools are required to comply with the relevant Australian and Victorian Government legislation when considering the enrolment of a child with additional learning needs in a Catholic school.
Initial parent/guardian inquiry. Expression of Interest is completed

Information & Application for Enrolment sent out.

Formal interview between Principal, parent/guardian and prospective student is held according to local school policy & procedures. Information regarding educational needs of the prospective student is gathered. If student was enrolled in a school interstate collect additional information via Interstate Data Transfer Note (ISDTN).

Does the prospective student have additional educational needs?

YES

Parent/guardian must give written permission to the school for further investigation of prospective student’s educational needs.

NO

Parent/guardian and school representative collect information to determine prospective student’s educational needs. These may include: health needs; physical access; specialist agencies; communication needs; curriculum access; emergency procedures; personal care needs.

Summary of information by school personnel. Consideration of how the school can best meet the needs of the prospective student.

Principal meets with the parent/guardian and other appropriate and relevant professionals to discuss the educational program the school can offer to the prospective student.

Enrolment Decision.

Enrolment proceeds.
Letter sent to parent/guardian accepting the enrolment. Parent complete, sign and return relevant forms. Normal school processes operate.

Enrolment does not proceed.
This may occur because:
Parents choose not to continue with the enrolment OR
The school is unable to offer a place to the prospective student.